SECTION - A

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQ)

Q. 1	l –	Q.10	carry	one	mark	each	ì.
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Q.1 The antigen binding site of an antibody is present (B) at the C-terminal (A) at the constant region (D) between the constant and the variable region (C) at the variable region Q.2 Which of the following is **NOT** involved in eukaryotic translation? (C) mRNA (D) tRNA (A) Ribosome (B) Spliceosome Q.3 Which of the following statements is correct? (A) Gram negative bacteria are colored purple after Gram staining (B) Gram negative bacteria are commonly more resistant to antibiotics than Gram positive bacteria (C) Gram negative bacteria cell wall consists of a thick layer of peptidoglycan outside the plasma membrane (D) Cell wall of Gram negative bacteria does not contain an outer membrane Q.4 The role of enzyme E synthesized by phage \$\phi X174 during host infection is to (B) enhance synthesis of viral +RNA (A) block peptidoglycan synthesis (D) stimulate dsDNA replication (C) inhibit lipid metabolism Among CH₄, H₂O, NH₃ and PH₃, the molecule having the smallest percent s character for the 0.5 covalent bond (X-H) between the central element (X = C, O, N or P) and hydrogen is (B) H₂O (C) NH₃ (D) PH₃ (A) CH₄ The result of an electrophoretic separation of a mixture of amino acids X, Y and Z at pH = 5.0 is Q.6 represented as (Given the isoelectric points of X, Y, and Z are 9.87, 3.22 and 5.43, respectively) \oplus \oplus (B)

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(C)

(D)

- Q.7 cos(x + yx) =
 - (A) cos(x)cos(yx) sin(x)sin(yx)
- (B) $\cos(x)\cos(yx) + \sin(x)\sin(yx)$
- (C) $\cos(x)\sin(yx) \sin(x)\cos(yx)$
- (D) $\cos(x)\sin(yx) + \sin(x)\cos(yx)$
- If $\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ p & q \\ u & v \end{bmatrix} R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then the order of R is Q.8
 - $(A) 2 \times 3$
- (B) 3×2
- (C) 2×2
- (D) 3×3
- 0.9 The average energy of a diatomic gaseous molecule at temperature T is $\frac{5}{2}$ k_BT where k_B is Boltzmann's constant. The average energy of this molecule per degree of freedom is
 - $(A)^{\frac{1}{2}}k_BT$
- $(B)^{\frac{2}{3}}k_BT$
- (C) k_BT
- (D) $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
- The refractive index of diamond is 2.419. If the speed of light in vacuum is 3×10^8 m s⁻¹, then the Q.10 speed of light in diamond is
- (A) 1.240×10^8 m s⁻¹ (B) 1.352×10^8 m s⁻¹ (C) 1.521×10^8 m s⁻¹ (D) 2.433×10^8 m s⁻¹

Q. 11 - Q. 30 carry two marks each.

- Q.11 Which of the following is true of protein synthesis **ONLY** in prokaryotes?
 - (A) Translation and transcription are coupled
 - (B) The codon AUG codes for the start signal
 - (C) The tRNA anticodon can bind to two or more different codons
 - (D) The functional ribosomes contain two subunits constructed of proteins and RNA
- Q.12 Match the entries in Group I with that in Group II

Group I

Group II

- P) Phytase
- 1) paper and pulp processing
- O) Xylanase
- 2) delignification
- R) Laccase
- 3) gluten complex reduction
- S) Bromelain
- 4) improve mineral availability
- 5) phosphorylation
- (A) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-5

(B) P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3

(C) P-5, Q-4, R-5, S-2

- (D) P-5, Q-1, R-2, S-3
- If an aldol cleavage of glucose-6-phosphate occurs in glycolysis, it will result in Q.13
 - (A) products of equal carbon chain length
- (B) products of unequal carbon chain length
- (C) removal of phosphate group
- (D) three C₂ compounds

O.14 T	he natural	geographical	distribution	of kan	garoos is	limited	l to the	e Australian	continent	because
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- (A) abjotic factors determine the distribution
- (B) dispersal is limited by accessibility to other continents
- (C) kangaroos have not selected habitats in other continents
- (D) predators limit the distribution in other continents

Q.15 Which of the following is **NOT** an example of an adaptive defense mechanism against predation?

- (A) Bright colors of bird pollinated flower
- (B) Insect that resembles a stick
- (C) Nicotine in the tobacco plant
- (D) Spines on porcupine

Q.16 Match the entries in Group I with that in Group II

Group I

Group II

- P) Nucleolus
- 1) lipid storage

4) RNA synthesis

- Q) Sphaerosomes
- 2) breakdown of fatty acids
- R) Peroxisomes S) Plasmodesmata
- 3) transport of macromolecules
- (A) P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2

(B) P-4, O-1, R-2, S-3

(C) P-2, Q-1, R-3, S-4

- (D) P-1, Q-3, R-4, S-2
- Q.17 The nitrogenase of diazotrophs
 - (A) contains Cu-S center and uses 12 NADH to reduce one N₂
 - (B) contains one (4Fe-4S) cluster and uses 8 FADH₂ to reduce one N₂
 - (C) is a complex of Fe-protein and MoFe-protein and uses 16 ATPs to reduce one N₂
 - (D) is a MoFe protein and uses 4 ATP and 4 FMNH₂ to reduce one N₂
- Q.18 During eukaryotic cell division, the amount of DNA doubles
 - (A) between prophase and anaphase of mitosis
 - (B) between prophase I and prophase II of meiosis
 - (C) between the G1 and G2 phases of the cell cycle
 - (D) during the M phase of the cell cycle
- Q.19 The correct sequence of the following events in the human female reproductive cycle is
 - I: Secretion of FSH
 - II: Growth of corpus luteum
 - III: Growth of follicle and oogenesis
 - IV: Ovulation
 - V: Sudden increase in the levels of LH
 - (A) I, II, IV, V, III
- (B) II, I, III, IV, V
- (C) I, III, V, IV, II
- (D) I, V, III, IV, II

Q.20 The major product formed in the following reaction is

OH
$$H^{\dagger}/H_{2}O$$
COOH
$$(A)$$

$$(B)$$

$$COOH$$

$$(C)$$

$$(D)$$

Q.21 The reaction that produces o-bromophenol as the major product is

(A)
$$SO_{3}H$$

$$N \equiv N \quad Br$$

$$H_{2}O$$

$$Br \quad Br_{2}/CS_{2}, 0 \text{ °C}$$

$$A = \frac{Br_{2}/CS_{2}, 0 \text{ °C}}{A = \frac{A}{30} \text{ min}}$$

Q.22 For an autocatalytic second order reaction $R \rightarrow P$, the rate law is [where v is rate of the reaction and k is the rate constant]

- (A) v = k [R]
- (B) v = k [R][P]
- (C) $v = k [R]^2$
- (D) $v = k [P]^2$

Q.23	In metal-carbonyl	complexes, t	he π-back	bonding is
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(A) $p\pi - d\pi$ type

(B) $d\pi - d\pi$ type

(C) $d\pi - \pi^*$ type

- (D) $d\pi \sigma^*$ type
- Q.24 If u(x) and v(x) are differentiable at x = 0, and if u(0) = 5, u'(0) = -3, v(0) = -1 and v'(0) = 2, then the value of $\frac{d}{dx} \left(uv + \frac{u}{v} \right)$ at x = 0 is
 - (A) -20
- (B) -7
- (C) 6
- (D) 13
- Q.25 Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability that the sum of the numbers obtained is divisible by 7 is
 - (A) $\frac{1}{6}$
- (B)) $\frac{1}{36}$
- (C) 0
- (D) $\frac{1}{18}$
- Q.26 If one of the diameters of a circle has end points (2, 0) and (4, 0), then the equation of that circle is
 - (A) $x^2 3x + y^2 + 5 = 0$

(B) $x^2 - 4x + y^2 + 6 = 0$

(C) $x^2 - 5x + y^2 + 7 = 0$

- (D) $x^2 6x + y^2 + 8 = 0$
- Q.27 If $P = \{1, 2, -1, 3\}, Q = \{0, 4, 1, 3\}$ and $R = \{1, 6, 7\}$, then $P \cap (Q \cup R) = \{1, 1, 2, -1, 3\}$
 - $(A) \{1, 2\}$
- (B) $\{1, 3\}$
- $(C) \{2, 1\}$
- (D) $\{2, 3\}$
- Q.28 The position of a particle along the y-axis is $y = P t^4 + Q$. For the equation to be dimensionally consistent, the dimension of P in terms of length [L] and time [T] is
 - (A) LT⁻¹
- (B) LT⁻²
- (C) LT-3
- (D) LT-4
- Q.29 Two inductors P and Q having inductance ratio 1:2 are connected in parallel in an electric circuit. The energy stored in the inductors P and Q are in the ratio
 - (A) 1:4
- (B) 1:2
- (C) 2:1
- (D) 4:1
- Q.30 A body X of mass M moving with velocity v hits a stationary body Y of mass m. If M >> m and X moves with the velocity v', then the velocity of Y after an elastic collision is
 - (A) 2v
- (B) v + v'
- (C) v v'
- (D) 2v'

SECTION - B

MULTIPLE SELECT QUESTIONS (MSQ)

Q. 31 – Q. 40 carry two marks each.

- Q.31 The cells involved in allergic reactions and containing surface receptors of IgE antibodies and histamine are
 - (A) Basophils
- (B) Mast cells
- (C) Monocytes
- (D) Neutrophils
- Q.32 Which of the following is(are) **INCORRECT** in the regulation of the *trp* operon?
 - (A) It is an example of a negatively controlled repressible operon
 - (B) The amino acid Trp inactivates the repressor
 - (C) The amino acid Trp induces the operon
 - (D) The repressor binds to the operator in the presence of amino acid Trp
- Q.33 Which of the following organs are correctly paired with their function?
 - (A) Large intestine Protein digestion
 - (B) Oral cavity Starch digestion
 - (C) Pancreas Bile production
 - (D) Small intestine Fat digestion
- Q.34 The $\Delta G^{0'}$ for homolactic fermentation converting glucose to lactate is -196 kJ mol⁻¹. If $\Delta G^{0'}$ for the formation of ATP is +30.5 kJ mol⁻¹, then
 - (A) homolactic fermentation is 31% energy efficient
 - (B) the efficiency of energy conservation is 69%
 - (C) the energy stored in the form of ATP is 31%
 - (D) the process results in the loss of 31% of energy
- Q.35 Bacterial plasmid genes of non-chromosomal origin are associated with
 - A) providing resistance against antibacterial agents
 - B) the degradation of toxic materials
 - C) the production of certain toxins
 - D) the transfer of genetic material from one cell to another cell
- O.36 The elements with atomic numbers 19, 37 and 55
 - (A) form cubic chloride salts with the coordination number of cation being 6
 - (B) form ionic fluorides with general formula MF
 - (C) have lowest density of solids in their respective periods
 - (D) have lowest ionization energy in their respective periods
- O.37 Fehling's solution
 - (A) contains a copper complex of tartaric acid
 - (B) forms a brick-red precipitate with glucose
 - (C) forms a white precipitate with aldehydes
 - (D) is used as a test reagent for reducing sugars

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0.20	Whish - 64 - 6-11-	-ii(-) !i(!i-) o	on the mione 2x + 2x + ge	- 69
Q.38	which of the follo		on the plane $2x + 3y + z =$	
	(A)(0,0,6)	(B) $(0, 2, 0)$	(C) (1, 1, 1)	(D) (3, 0, 0)
Q.39	Kinetic theory of a	n ideal gas is based up	on the following assump	tion(s)
	(B) The gaseous m(C) The molecules	e of molecules with ne- olecules do not possess are in constant random forces of attraction are	s kinetic energy n motion	
Q.40	respectively. Whe	n the capacitor is filled	with a dielectric materia	dielectric material are E and C, II, the electric field and ch of the following is(are)
	(A) $E' > E$ and $C' =$	= C	(B) E' < E and C'	> C
	(C) $E' = E$ and C'		(D) E' > E and C'	< C
		SE	CTION – C	
		NUMERICAL	ANSWER TYPE (NA	AT)
Q. 41	– Q. 50 carry or	ie mark each.		
Q.41	Antigen and antib	ody interaction is show	n by the following scher	me
	$Ab + Ag = \frac{k_1}{k_2}$	Ab-Ag		
	Where Ab is antib k_{-1} are $5 \times 10^{-5} \mu$ is nM	M^{-1} s ⁻¹ and 2 × 10 ⁻⁷ s ⁻¹	Ab-Ag is antigen-antibo respectively. The dissoc	ody complex. The values of k_1 and ciation constant for the complex
Q.42			eases from one thousand decimal place) is	to one billion in five hours. The min.
Q.43	5 nM s ⁻¹ , respecti	of lactate dehydrogena yely. At 0.25 mM pyru nM s ⁻¹ .	ase for conversion of pyr vate, the velocity of the	ruvate to lactate are 1 mM and reaction catalyzed by lactate

A linear DNA contains five restriction sites for EcoRI and three restriction sites for BamHI. The

number of fragments that will be generated after digestion with EcoRI is ______.

O.45	Total number of singlets	observed in the 1	H NMR of the	following compound	is
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- Q.46 The [H⁺] of 0.1 N acetic acid solution is 1.33×10^{-3} . The pH of the solution (correct to two decimal places) is _____.
- Q.47 The positive root of the equation $x^4 + x^2 2 = 0$ is _____.

Q.48
$$\int_0^1 x \, dx + \int_1^2 (2-x) \, dx = \underline{\qquad}$$
.

- Q.49 One gram of radioactive nuclei with a half life of 300 days is kept in an open container. The weight of nuclei remaining after 900 days (correct to 1 decimal place) is _____ mg.
- Q.50 Two sources P and Q produce electromagnetic waves with wavelengths λ and 2λ, respectively. Source P ejects a photon with a maximum kinetic energy of 4.0 eV from a metal with work function 2.0 eV. The maximum kinetic energy (eV) of a photon ejected by source Q from the same metal is

Q. 51 - Q. 60 carry two marks each.

- Q.51 The standard oxidation potentials for oxidation of NADH and H₂O are + 0.315 V and -0.815 V, respectively. The standard free energy for oxidation of 1 mole of NADH by oxygen under standard conditions (correct to 1 decimal place) is ______ kJ. [Faraday Constant is 96500 C mole⁻¹]
- Q.52 The K_M and v_{max} of an enzyme are 4 mM and 0.1 nM h⁻¹ respectively. In the presence of 1.5 mM inhibitor, the K'_M and v'_{max} of the enzyme are 6 mM and 0.1 nM h⁻¹, respectively. The value of inhibition constant, K_I (correct to 1 decimal place) is _____ mM.
- Q.53 The relationship between $log_{10}(MW)$ [where MW = molecular weight in kDa] of a mixture of protein standards and their retention factors (R_f) obtained from native-PAGE is $log_{10}(MW) = -2R_f + 3$. If the measured retention factor for a protein with 180 amino acids is 0.5, then the number of identical monomers in the protein is ______.

Q.54	In bacteria, a ribosome synthesizes a protein containing 300 amino acids from mRNA in 20 seconds. If the average lifetime of a mRNA is 2 minutes, the number of ribosomes that can translate a single mRNA containing 1350 nucleotides is
Q.55	In 2 N H ₂ SO ₄ , an organic compound shows fluorescence with quantum yield, $\phi_f = 0.42$ and fluorescence rate constant, $k_f = 5.25 \times 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$. The observed fluorescence life time of it under the same conditions (correct to 1 decimal place) is ns.
Q.56	In acidic solution, permanganate ion is reduced by ferrous ion. The number of electrons involved in the reduction of permanganate ion is
Q.57	If \vec{a} and \vec{b} are unit vectors and the angle between them is $\frac{\pi}{3}$, then the magnitude of $\vec{a} - \vec{b}$ is
Q.58	Using the letters in the word TRICK a new word containing five distinct letters is formed such that T appears in the middle. The number of distinct arrangements is
Q.59	An X-ray tube operates at 30 kV. If one electron converts 10% of its energy into a photon at first collision, then the wavelength of the photon (correct to two decimal places) isÅ. [h = $4.14 \times 10^{-15} \text{ eVs}^{-1}$, c = $3 \times 10^3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ and e = $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$]
Q.60	In a mass spectrometer, a deuteron with kinetic energy 17 MeV enters a uniform magnetic field of 2.4 T with its velocity perpendicular to the field. The deuteron moves in a circular path in the magnetic field. The radius of its path in the magnetic field (correct to two decimal places)

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

BT 10/10

JAM 2017 ANSWER KEY

Model Answer Key for BT Paper

Paper:BIOTECHNOLOGY	Code: BT
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S	ECTION	– A (MC	Q)	SEC	TION – B (MSQ)		SECTION -	C (NAT Ty	rpe)
Q. No.	KEY	Q. No.	KEY	Q. No.	KEYS	Q. No.	KEY RANGE	Q. No.	KEY RANGE
01	С	16	В	31	A, B	41	4 to 4	56	5 to 5
02	В	17	С	32	B, C	42	14.0 to 16.0	57	1 to 1
03	В	18	С	33	B, D	43	1 to 1	58	24 to 24
04	А	19	С	34	A, C	44	6 to 6	59	4.10 to 4.20 or 0.00 to 0.01
05	D	20	Α	35	A, B, C, D	45	3 to 3	60	34.00 to 36.00
06	Α	21	Α	36	B, C, D	46	2.86 to 2.89		
07	Α	22	В	37	A, B, D	47	1 to 1		
08	Α	23	С	38	A, B, C, D	48	1 to 1		
09	Α	24	С	39	A, C, D	49	124.0 to 126.0		
10	Α	25	Α	40	B or C or B, C	50	1 to 1		
11	Α	26	D			51	-219.0 to -217.0		
12	В	27	В			52	2.9 to 3.1		
13	В	28	D			53	5 to 5		
14	В	29	С			54	4.0 to 4.1		
15	Α	30	В			55	7.9 to 8.1		