Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This question-cum-answer booklet has **20** pages and has **30** questions. Please ensure that the copy of the question-cum-answer booklet you have received contains all the questions.
- 2. Write your **Registration Number**, **Name and the name of the Test Centre** in the appropriate space provided on the right side.
- Write the answers to the objective questions against each Question No. in the Answer Table for Objective Questions, provided on Page No.
 Do not write anything else on this page.
- 4. Each objective question has 4 choices for its answer: (A), (B), (C) and (D). Only ONE of them is the correct answer. There will be negative marking for wrong answers to objective questions. The following marking scheme for objective questions shall be used:
 - (a) For each correct answer, you will be awarded 2 (Two) marks.
 - (b) For each wrong answer, you will be awarded -0.5 (Negative 0.5) mark.
 - (c) Multiple answers to a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
 - (d) For each un-attempted question, you will be awarded 0 (Zero) mark.
 - (e) Negative marks for objective part will be carried over to total marks.
- 5. Answer the fill in the blank type and descriptive type questions only in the space provided after each question. No negative marks for fill in the blank type questions.
- 6. Do not write more than one answer for the same question. In case you attempt a fill in the blank or a descriptive question more than once, please cancel the answer(s) you consider wrong. Otherwise, the answer appearing last only will be evaluated.
- 7. All answers must be written in blue/black/ blue-black ink only. Sketch pen, pencil or ink of any other colour should not be used.
- 8. All rough work should be done in the space provided and scored out finally.
- 9. No supplementary sheets will be provided to the candidates.
- 10.Clip board, log tables, slide rule, cellular phone and electronic gadgets in any form are NOT allowed. Non-Programmable calculator is allowed.
- 11. The question-cum-answer booklet must be returned in its entirety to the Invigilator before leaving the examination hall. Do not remove any page from this booklet.



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READ INSTRUCTIONS ON THE LEFT SIDE OF THIS PAGE CAREFULLY

REGISTRATION NUMBER
Name:
Test Centre:
•
Do not write your Registration Number
or Name anywhere else in this question-cum-answer booklet.
question-cum-answer bookiet.
I have read all the instructions and shall
abide by them.
Signature of the Candidate
I have verified the information filled by the
candidate above.
Signature of the Invigilator

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR CANDIDATES

- Questions 1-10 (objective questions) carry <u>two</u> marks each, questions 11-20 (fill in the blank questions) carry <u>three</u> marks each and questions 21-30 (descriptive questions) carry <u>five</u> marks each.
- The marking scheme for the objective type question, is as follows:
 - (a) For each correct answer, you will be awarded 2 (Two) marks.
 - (b) For each wrong answer, you will be awarded **-0.5** (Negative **0.5**) mark.
 - (c) Multiple answers to a question will be treated as a wrong answer.
 - (d) For each un-attempted question, you will be awarded **0** (Zero) mark.
 - (e) Negative marks for objective part will be carried over to total marks.
- There is no negative marking for fill in the blank questions.
- Write the answers to the objective questions in the <u>Answer Table for Objective Questions</u> provided on page 3 only.

Objective Questions

Q.1	The oldest rocks in the present ocean floor have (A) 4.0-4.6 billion years (C) 185-200 million years	age in (B) (D)	the range: 2.0-2.5 billion years 60-65 million years
Q.2	Which one of the following morphological feature (A) Umbo (B) Deltidium	res is a	ABSENT in the Class Pelecypoda? Pallial sinus (D) Resilifier
Q.3	Match the lithostratigraphic units in Group I v Group II.	vith th	neir corresponding geological period in
	Group I		Group II
	 P. Mamal Formation Q. Fenestella Shale R. Maleri Formation S. Lameta Formation (A) P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3 (C) P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1 		Triassic Permian Cretaceous Carboniferous P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3 P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3
Q.4	Which one of the following represents a closed for (A) Tetragonal prism (C) Orthodome	orm? (B) (D)	Dihexagonal pyramid Trigonal dipyramid
Q.5	The tightness of a fold should be estimated in sec (A) parallel to both the fold axis and the axial parallel to the fold axis and perpendicular t (C) perpendicular to the profile plane of the fold (D) perpendicular to the fold axis	plane to the a	axial plane

Q.6		ch the geological features listed in Gro o	ıp I	with their corresponding processes i	n
		Group I	\mathbf{Gr}	oup II	
	P.	Cumulate	1.	Sub-aqueous eruption	
	Q.	Migmatite	2.	Magmatic segregation	
	R.	Fenitized rock	3.	Anatexis	
	S.	Pillow basalt	4.	Volatile transport	
	(A)	P-2, Q-1, R-4, S-3	(B)	P-4, Q-3, R-1, S-2	
	(C)	P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1	(D)	P-4, Q-3, R-2, S-1	
Q.7	Mate	ch the minerals listed in Group I with their o	corres	ponding twin types in Group II .	
		Group I		oup II	
	P.	Staurolite	1.	Japan twin	
	Q.	Quartz	2.	Swallow-tail twin	
	R.	Gypsum	3.	Carlsbad twin	
	S.	Orthoclase	4.	Cruciform twin	
	(A)	P-2, Q-4, R-1, S-3	(B)	P-4, Q-2, R-1, S-3	
	(C)	P-2, Q-3, R-4, S-1	(D)	P-4, Q-1, R-2, S-3	
8.Ç	Whi	ch one of the following is a glacio-fluvial de	posit?		
		Esker (B) Till	(C)	Moraine (D) Drumlin	
Q.9	Mala	achite and Azurite are characteristic ore mine	rals o	f	
	(A)	Gossan zone	(B)	Zone of oxidation	
	(C)	Zone of supergene enrichment	(D)	Protore	
Q.10	Whi	ch of the following is NOT a depositional se	dimer	ntary structure?	
_	(A)	-	(B)	Massive bedding	
	(C)	Convolute bedding	(D)	Graded bedding	
		-		<u>~</u>	

Answer Table for Objective Questions

Write the Code of your chosen answer only in the 'Answer' column against each Question Number. Do not write anything else on this page.

Question Number	Answer	Do not write in this column
01		
02		
03		
04		
05		
06		
07		
08		
09		
10		

FOR EVALUATION ONLY

Number of Correct Answers	Marks	(+)
Number of Incorrect Answers	Marks	
Total Marks in Questio	n Nos. 1-10	

Fill in the blank questions

Q.11	The faces present in a zone of a crystal are (011), (010), (011); what is the zone axis?
	Ans:
Q.12	The hardest silicate mineral in Mohs scale of hardness is:
	Ans:
Q.13	A commonly found monomineralic sedimentary rock when metamorphosed also forms a monomineralic metamorphic rock. The same mineral also forms a rare monomineralic igneous rock. The component mineral belongs to the hexagonal system and is uniaxial in character The mineral is:
	Ans:
Q.14	A dark coloured rock with high specific gravity is composed of orthopyroxene, clinopyroxene plagioclase and a minor proportion of quartz. The constituent minerals have similar grain size and are equidimensional with straight boundary contacts that meet in triple junctions with approximately 120° between them. The rock is called
	Ans:

A
1 22

Q.15	An amphibolite terrane has a penetrative foliation striking N30°E and dipping 45° easterly. This is unconformably overlain by a sandstone unit whose bedding strikes N45°W and dips 10° northeasterly. What is the type of unconformity?
	Ans:
Q.16	A sulfide mineral is magnetic in nature and has black streak. The sulfur atomic proportion in the mineral is between 50-55%. Identify the mineral.
	Ans:
Q.17	A group of multi-cellular, bivalved, bilaterally symmetrical, marine, benthic and inequivalved organisms proliferated during the Ordovician for the first time. Name the group. Ans:
	·
Q.18	The sedimentary structure characterized by bulbous, downward-directed protuberances of a sandstone bed into the underlying mudrock horizon is called
	Ans:

A

Ans:				
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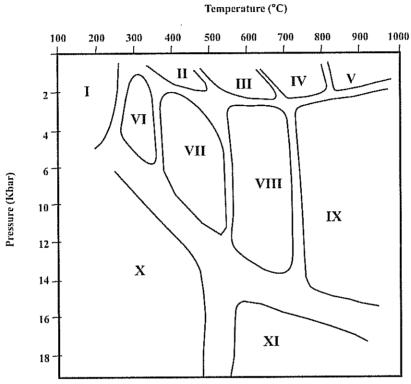
A river flows from north to south along a V-shaped valley with steep slopes ranging from 60-70°. The country rocks in the area are metamorphic, with a prominent foliation striking

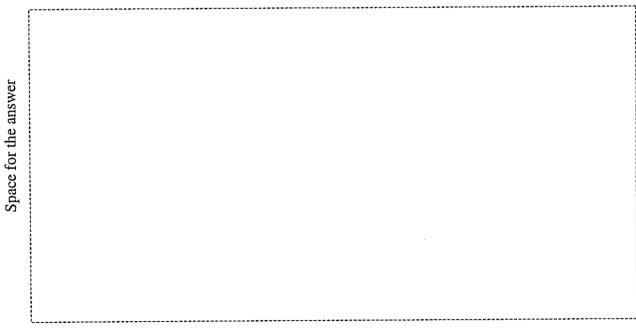
Q.19

## **Descriptive questions**

Q.21 Identify the following <u>five</u> drainage patterns.

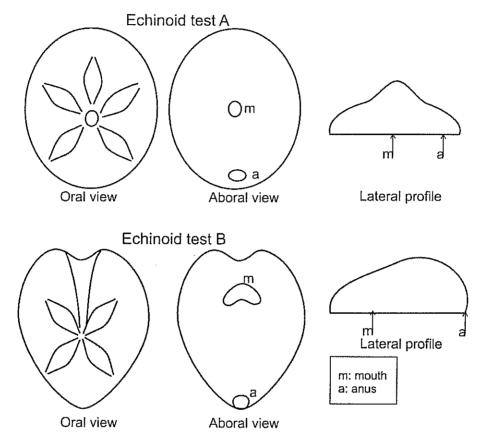
Q.23 The following figure shows various metamorphic facies in P-T space (numbered as domains I to XI). In this figure, name the domains and the corresponding facies in which the following two mineral assemblages would stabilize by metamorphism of basic rocks: (lawsonite + jadeite) & (prehnite + pumpellyite). Which domain and corresponding facies will NOT contain plagioclase feldspar in metamorphosed basic rocks? Explain why.





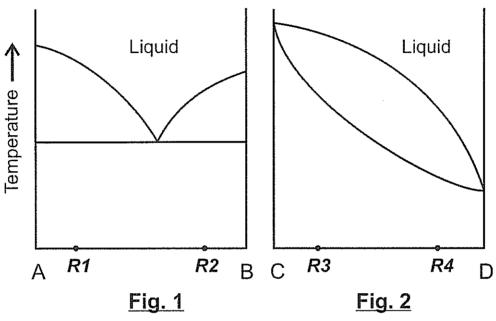
Q.24 The figures below show different views of two hypothetical echinoid tests 'A' and 'B'. Differentiate between the two echinoid tests based on each of the following five features: symmetry, shape, lateral profile, ambs and periproct.

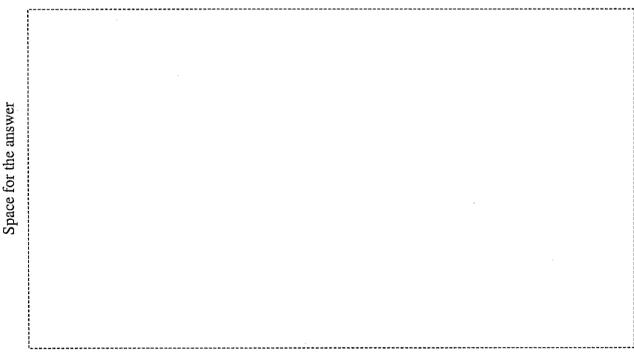
The answers for each parameter should be given in one or two words in the table given below.



	Echinoid test A	Echinoid test B
Symmetry		
Shape		
Lateral profile		
Ambs		
Periproct		

Q.25 Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 given below represent schematic phase relations in two binary systems at identical and constant pressure. A and B have eutectic relationship while C and D form a solid solution. The temperature scale (Y-axis) is same in both figures. R1, R2, R3 and R4 represent four rock compositions in these two systems. Write the sequence in which melts will start forming in these rocks (R1, R2, R3 and R4) with increasing temperature (without changing pressure). Explain with justification, the order in which the solid component will completely melt (under equilibrium condition) in R1, R2, R3 and R4 as heating proceeds.





Q.26 Tables 1 and 2 provide jumbled up data on depth and descriptions of zones in the interior of the earth. Select appropriate entries from these tables and complete Table 3.

Table 1

Table 2

Average depth in km	Zone characters
0 – 35	Brittle solid zone; moves laterally as on a conveyor belt; overlies the seismic Low Velocity Zone (LVZ)
0 – 100	Solid high density zone; Ni-Fe composition
35 – 100	Interpreted to be <i>partially</i> molten; marked by the presence of convection cells
35 – 2890	Completely molten zone; high density, Ni-Fe composition
100 – 200/250	Brittle solid zone; bounded by Moho at the base
2890 – 5150	Contains several transition zones, Gutenberg discontinuity at the base
5150 – 6360	_

Table 3

Zones in the interior of the Earth	Depth (Choose one match from	Zone character (Choose one match from Table 2)
	Table 1)	
Crust		
Lithosphere		
Asthenosphere		
Mantle		
Outer core		

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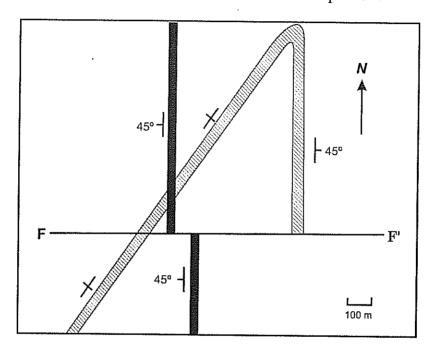
Q.27	Two sedimentary structures occur commonly in tidal regions and are caused by the mixing of sand- and mud-sized fractions. Name the structure when mud-deposition is intermittent with ripple migration causing mud to be deposited in ripple troughs. Name the isolated ripples that occur as cross-laminated lenses within mud or mudstone in a vertical section. Differentiate between desiccation cracks and syneresis cracks on the basis of morphology, process of formation, and depositional environment.
	formation, and depositional environment.
Space for the answer	

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Q.29 In an alluvial terrain, the general ground water table is at a depth of 12.5 m below the ground surface. What is the name of the aerated zone above the ground water table? In this terrain, during exploration for ground water supply for a village, a clay lens was encountered at a depth of 8.5 m below the ground surface. The clay lens has a spatial extent of 1 km x 1 km and a vertical thickness of 0.5 m. What is the type of aquifer formed above the clay lens? Comment on the suitability of this aquifer as a source for long-term supply of water. What will happen to this aquifer if the clay lens is punctured through?

Space for the answer

Q.30 The geological map below shows a folded quartzite bed (hatched) in which the western limb is vertical, and the eastern limb strikes due north and dips 45° to the east. A north-south trending dolerite dyke (solid black) that dips 45° westerly cuts across the folded bed. An east-west trending vertical fault (F-F') cuts across all the rock types. Explain why the western limb of the fold is apparently not displaced by the fault. Compute the net slip on the fault F-F'. Trace the eastern limb of the fold south of the fault F-F' in the map below.



Space for the answer

GG-17/20

Space for rough work

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Total (Objective Part)	*
Total (Fill in the blanks Part and Descriptive Part)	-
Grand Total	
Total Marks (in words)	:
Signature of Examiner(s)	•
Signature of Head Examiner(s)	
Signature of Scrutinizer	•
Signature of Chief Scrutinizer	•
Signature of Coordinating Head Examiner	•